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We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Los Gatos-Saratoga Joint Union High School District, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter – Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Notes 1 and 15 to the financial statements, Los Gatos-Saratoga Joint Union High School District has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, which has resulted in a restatement of the net position and fund balance as of July 1, 2020. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 12, budgetary comparison schedule on page 66, schedule of changes in the District's total other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability and related ratios on page 67, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability-MPP Program on page 68, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability on page 69, and schedule of district contributions for pension on page 70, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Los Gatos-Saratoga Joint Union High School District's basic financial statements. The combining non-major governmental fund financial statements, Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The combining non-major governmental fund financial statements, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, and the other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining non-major governmental fund financial statements, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, and the other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 31, 2022, on our consideration of the Los Gatos-Saratoga Joint Union High School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Los Gatos-Saratoga Joint Union High School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Los Gatos-Saratoga Joint Union High School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

The image shows a handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Eide Bailly LLP". The signature is written in dark ink and is positioned above the printed name and date.

Menlo Park, California
January 31, 2022



This section of Los Gatos-Saratoga Union High School District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2021, with comparative information for the year ended June 30, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Profile of the District

The Los Gatos-Saratoga Union High School District (the District) was founded in 1887 to provide quality secondary education to the residents of Los Gatos, Monte Sereno, and Saratoga in Santa Clara County and portions of the Santa Cruz mountains area in Santa Cruz County. With a long tradition of academic excellence the District operates two comprehensive high schools that are fully accredited by the Western Association of Schools and Colleges. The District's two campuses – Los Gatos High School (LGHS) and Saratoga High School (SHS) – serve more than 3,400 students. The District also provides alternative pathways including Valor, an Independent Study Program and coordinates with West Valley Junior College to provide a Middle College program.

The cornerstones of the educational program are a strong focus on academics, establishment of clear goals for students, provision for comprehensive elective and advanced placement programs, availability of viable alternative pathways and special programs and maintenance of a learning environment characterized by a focus on students' wellness, balance and belonging, a highly trained and motivated staff and strong instructional leadership. By all student achievement measures, District schools are in the top percentiles of all high schools in the State. The schools have also been recognized nationally for excellence in academic achievement.

The District has a long-standing and comprehensive strategic planning process that includes annual updating of district goals and the development of educational goals in accordance with the single plan for student achievement and the Local Control Accountability Plan (LCAP). The mission of the District is to maximize the learning of all students. The graduation rate for 2020-21 seniors was 97.4% and nearly all graduates go on to pursue further studies.

The District's students come from an enriching mix of ethnic backgrounds including a sizeable portion of immigrants from Asia, South Asia, and the Middle East. Students prepare to make meaningful, positive contributions to our world. The District takes great pride in its exceptional staff, parent support and student achievement.

Financial Highlights

A school district is deemed a "Community Funded" or "Basic Aid" District when the assessed valuation of the district increases to the point where the local property taxes exceed the State's calculated Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF) for the District. In 2020-2021, The District's Property taxes exceed its LCFF funding in the amount of \$20.3 million.

The District became Community Funded in the early 1990's. Property tax revenue is the primary source for all instructional programs and provides the vast majority of the resources to pay for all operating costs in the General Fund of the District. Because funding relies on assessed valuation, the impact of a recession could have a negative effect upon local property tax revenues of the District. Therefore, the District continues to use conservative estimates when making long-term commitments with district funds.

The General Fund expenditures per student in 2020-2021 were \$16,961. This was a decrease of \$89 from last year's per student spending of \$17,050 in 2019-2020.

The 2011-2012 year marked the first year of parcel tax income. With the slow growth in property values and reduction in state categorical money through a basic aid "fair share" reduction, the governing board authorized a parcel tax election on May 3, 2011. The parcel tax passed with a 72% passage rate and became effective July 1, 2011. The parcel tax was reauthorized in May 2016, effective July 1, 2017 and sunsetting on June 30, 2025. The parcel tax generated \$948,196 in 2020-2021. The tax is \$49 per parcel per year and a senior citizen exemption is available to seniors 65 years or older. A parcel tax oversight committee comprised of community members ensured that these funds were used for students and programs, in full compliance with voter authorized activities, and not for administrative salaries.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of three parts – management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how basic services like regular and special education were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Fiduciary funds statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others to whom the resources belong. Fiduciary fund activity is excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a display of the District's General Fund budget, both the adopted and final versions, along with a comparison of the final budget with year-end actuals.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position – the difference between the District's assets and liabilities – is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- To assess the overall health of the District one needs to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (like repaying its long-term debt) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (like developer fees).

The District has two kinds of funds:

- **Governmental Funds** – Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps one determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide reconciliations between the governmental funds statements and the government-wide statements to better explain the relationship (or differences) between them.
- **Fiduciary Funds** – The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others. The District is responsible for ensuring that those to whom the assets belong use only for their intended purposes and the assets reported in these funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these activities from the government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Financial Analysis of the District as A Whole

Net Position

The District's combined net position was \$14.4 million as of June 30, 2021. This table summarizes the District's net position. The net position in the current year decreased due to the increase in depreciation of assets.

	Governmental Activities (in thousands of dollars)			
	2021	2020	VAR\$	VAR%
Assets				
Current and other assets	\$ 51,854	\$ 51,051	\$ 803	1.6%
Capital assets	113,720	122,982	(9,262)	-7.5%
Total assets	<u>165,574</u>	<u>174,033</u>	<u>(8,459)</u>	<u>-4.9%</u>
Deferred outflows of resources	<u>14,284</u>	<u>14,543</u>	<u>(259)</u>	<u>-1.8%</u>
Liabilities				
Current liabilities	2,907	4,382	(1,475)	-33.7%
Long-term liabilities	<u>159,510</u>	<u>164,793</u>	<u>(5,283)</u>	<u>-3.2%</u>
Total liabilities	<u>162,416</u>	<u>169,175</u>	<u>(6,759)</u>	<u>-4.0%</u>
Deferred inflows of resources	<u>3,078</u>	<u>3,602</u>	<u>(524)</u>	<u>-14.6%</u>
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	44,054	46,218	(2,164)	-4.7%
Restricted	13,895	11,976	1,919	16.0%
Unrestricted	<u>(43,584)</u>	<u>(42,395)</u>	<u>(1,189)</u>	<u>2.8%</u>
Total net position	<u>\$ 14,364</u>	<u>\$ 15,799</u>	<u>\$ (1,435)</u>	<u>-9.1%</u>

Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the *Statement of Activities* on page 22. The table below takes the information from the Statement, rounds off the numbers, and rearranges them slightly so you can see our total revenues for the year.

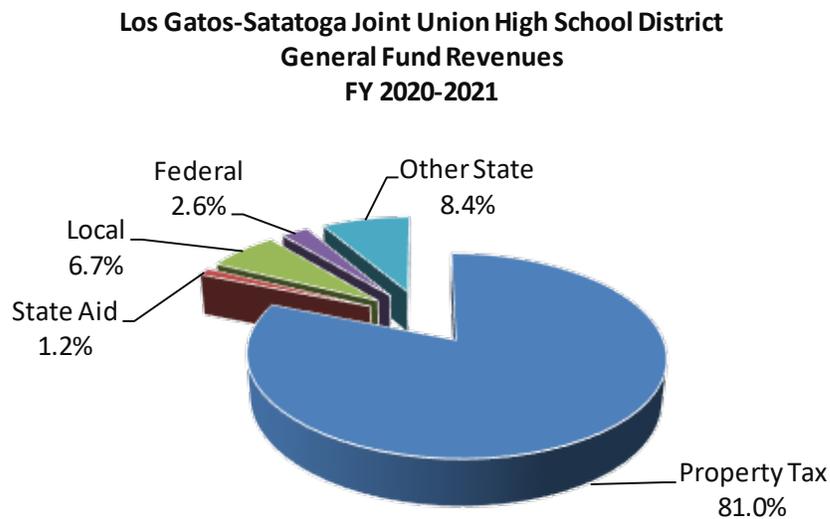
	Governmental Activities (in thousands of dollars)			
	2021	2020	VAR\$	VAR%
Revenues				
Program revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 400	\$ 452	\$ (52)	-12%
Operating grants and contributions	7,323	6,118	1,205	20%
General revenues				
Federal and State aid not restricted	1,659	2,217	(558)	-25%
Property taxes	64,033	60,220	3,813	6%
Other general revenues	4,426	5,912	(1,486)	-25%
Total revenues	<u>77,840</u>	<u>74,919</u>	<u>2,921</u>	<u>4%</u>
Expenses				
Instruction-related	50,539	49,214	1,325	3%
Pupil services	7,907	7,598	309	4%
Administration	4,796	4,866	(70)	-1%
Plant services	7,307	8,248	(941)	-11%
All other services	5,779	6,690	(911)	-14%
Total expenses	<u>76,328</u>	<u>76,616</u>	<u>(288)</u>	<u>0%</u>
Change in net position	<u>\$ 1,512</u>	<u>\$ (1,697)</u>	<u>\$ 3,209</u>	<u>-189%</u>

The table below presents the cost and net cost of each of the District’s largest functions: instruction including, special instruction programs and other instructional programs, pupil services, administration, plant services, and all other services. As discussed above, net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District’s taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

	Governmental Activities (in thousands of dollars)			
	Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of Services	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Instruction-related	\$ 50,539	\$ 49,214	\$ (45,272)	\$ (45,439)
Pupil services	7,907	7,598	(6,843)	(6,838)
Administration	4,796	4,866	(4,722)	(4,711)
Plant services	7,307	8,248	(6,973)	(7,956)
All other services	5,779	6,690	(4,796)	(5,103)
Total	\$ 76,328	\$ 76,617	\$ (68,606)	\$ (70,046)

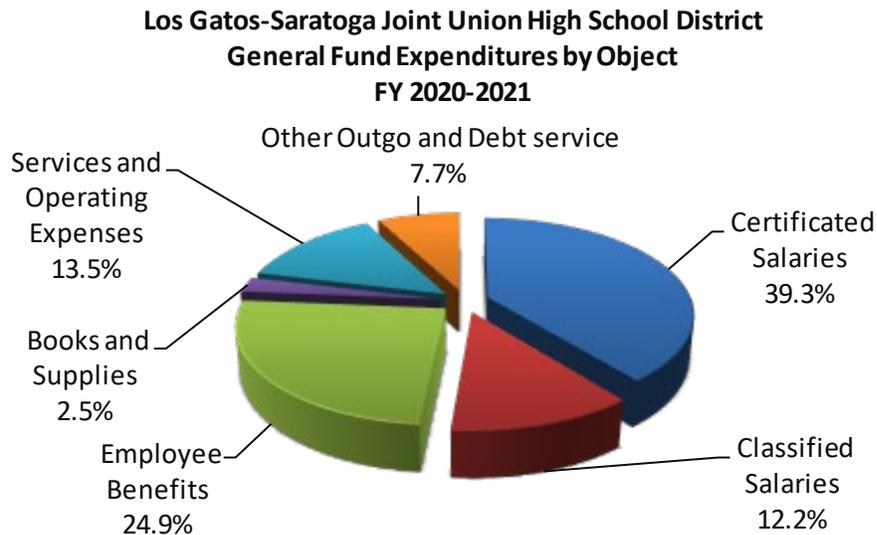
Financial Analysis of the District's General Fund

The District is community funded (also referred to as “basic aid”), which means that the District relies on local property taxes rather than State aid for 81% of its revenue. General Fund revenues for 2020-2021 excluding transactions related to the Special Revenue Fund for other than Capital Outlay Fund, increased by \$5.5 million (8.8%) above previous year. Property tax revenues increased by \$2.1 million (4.3%). (Note: Other charts are incorporated in Adopted Budget on the District Web Page www.lgsuhd.org.)

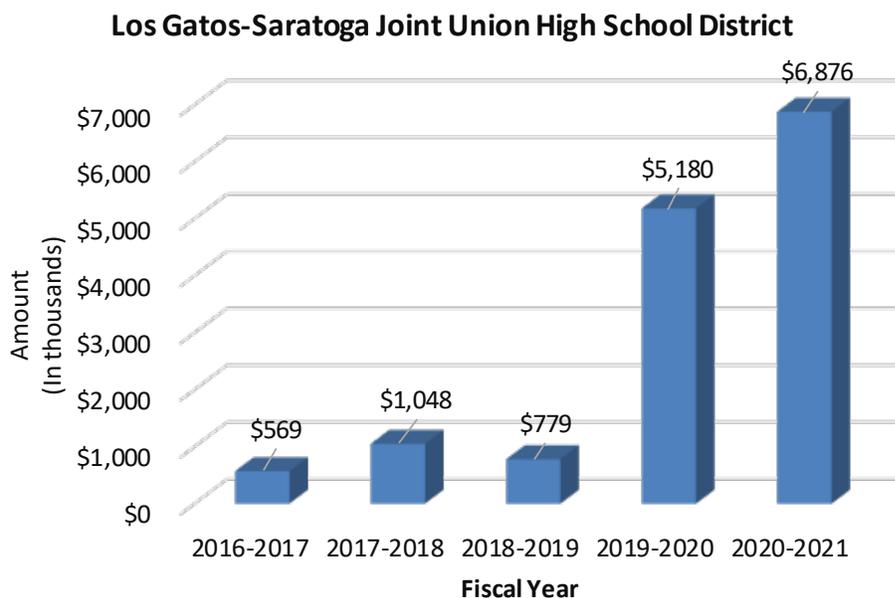


Expenditures decreased by \$0.42 million, below the previous year. As is common with virtually all school districts, majority of expenditures in the General Fund are for salaries and benefits. For our District, salaries and benefits are 76% of our total General fund expenditures.

Of the total amount expended during **2020-2021**, 76.4% was spent on salaries and benefits. See the chart below for a breakdown of General Fund expenditures.



In the General Fund, excluding Special Reserves for other than Capital Outlay Fund, total revenues were \$67.5 million and expenditures, including transfers out, were \$62.6 million. This resulted in an ending fund balance of \$10.2 million. Of this amount, \$1.2 million is restricted or non-spendable and \$9.0 million is unassigned. The District's reserve level was 14.3% as of June 30, 2021. The State requires reserves of 3% of General Fund expenditures and other uses. Available reserves are \$3.5 million which come from our Special Reserve – Other Than Capital Outlay Fund (Fund 17). Although the available reserves exceed the state required minimum, these monies can only fund one-time expenditures and should not be used to support ongoing expenses.



General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District revises its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures. The final amendment to the budget was adopted on June 23, 2020. (A schedule showing the District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in our annual report on page 66.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the close of the year ended June 30, 2021, the District had invested \$113.7 million in a wide range of capital assets, including school buildings, fields, computer equipment and vehicles. The net book value of total assets decreased by \$3.8 million from the prior year.

	Governmental Activities (in thousands of dollars)			
	2021	2020	VAR\$	VAR%
Land and construction in progress	\$ 8,254	\$ 4,485	\$ 3,769	84.0%
Buildings and improvements	104,380	111,763	(7,383)	-6.6%
Equipment	1,086	1,230	(144)	-11.7%
Total	<u>\$ 113,720</u>	<u>\$ 117,479</u>	<u>\$ (3,758)</u>	<u>-3.2%</u>

Long-Term Obligations

The District has long-term obligations other than pensions and OPEB totaling \$94.6 million as of June 30, 2021. The major portion of the debt is for the General Obligation (GO) Bonds. The GO bonds are funded primarily from property tax overrides through General Obligation bond issues. The following table provides the breakdown of the long-term liabilities:

	Governmental Activities (in thousands of dollars)			
	2021	2020	VAR\$	VAR%
Long-Term Liabilities				
General obligation bonds	\$ 86,585	\$ 88,930	\$ (2,345)	-2.6%
Certificates of participation	1,709	2,634	(925)	-35.1%
Unamortized premiums/(discounts)	5,885	6,357	(472)	-7.4%
Capital leases	73	124	(51)	-41.2%
Compensated absences	342	385	(44)	-11.4%
Total OPEB liability	7,943	7,360	582	7.9%
Aggregate net pension liability	56,973	54,685	2,288	4.2%
Total	<u>\$ 159,510</u>	<u>\$ 160,476</u>	<u>\$ (966)</u>	<u>-0.6%</u>

At year-end, the District has a long-term retirement liabilities consisting pension and OPEB. The pension liability is now \$57.0 million versus \$54.7 million last year, and increase of \$2.3 million, or 4.2%. The District implemented the provisions of GASB 68 in 2014-2015, which required the District to recognize its proportionate share of the unfunded accrued pension liability (UAL). The District presents more detailed pension information in Note 12. The District participates in both CalPERS and CalSTRS pension plans for its certified and certificated employees. UAL increased due to CalPERS and CalSTRS not invoicing the full amount of the actuarially computed obligation to minimize the budgetary impact on employers of the shortfall in their investment portfolio returns.

The District implemented the provisions of GASB 75 in 2018-2019, which required the District to recognize its unfunded OPEB liability. As of June 30, 2021, the District reported \$8.0 million in total OPEB liability. The District presents more detailed information regarding OPEB in Note 9.

The District's long-term debt other than the pensions and OPEB has decreased by \$3.8 million. This was mainly due to the general obligation bond payment in the current fiscal year. Refer to Note 8 in the accompanying financial statements for additional information on long-term obligations.

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

In 2013-2014, the State eliminated the revenue limit funding formula and implemented the Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF). For the District, this change has minimal or no effect because property taxes exceed the LCFF entitlement and future property tax growth is expected to exceed the cost of living (COLA) increases in LCFF entitlement amounts for the short and long term.

In 2013 the state enacted the California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) to strengthen both retirement systems: CalPERS and CalSTRS. Along with this reform, school employers were required to contribute an increasing percentage of members' salaries into both plans. Rates are projected to increase from 19.721% (CalPERS) and 17.10% (CalSTRS) in 2019-2020 to 20.70% (CalPERS) and 16.15% (CalSTRS) in 2020-2021. These increases are straining school budgets across California. Los Gatos-Saratoga Union High School District has built these increases into its current budget and multi-year projections. Depending on how strong property tax revenue increases are in the future, the district may eventually need to constrain spending in other areas of the budget to accommodate these increased costs. Additionally, the current and projected rates are not keeping pace with the retirement systems unfunded liability. The impact of the shortfall in CalSTRS and CalPERS funds, may have an impact on district contribution rates in the future.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

The District is very fortunate to be a community funded district and tracks assessed valuation growth closely to validate current budget projections and maintain conservative growth projections going forward. This audit is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact the District's Business Officer, Delores Perley, at 408-402-6330, Los Gatos-Saratoga Joint Union High School District, 17421 Farley Road West, Los Gatos, CA 95030, or dperley@lgsuhd.org.

Los Gatos-Saratoga Joint Union High School District

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2021

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
Assets	
Deposits and investments	\$ 49,793,480
Receivables	2,047,041
Stores inventories	8,291
Other current assets	4,942
Capital assets not depreciated	8,253,713
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	<u>105,466,312</u>
Total assets	<u>165,573,779</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred charge on refunding	37,260
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	1,020,922
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	<u>13,226,140</u>
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>14,284,322</u>
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	1,198,799
Interest payable	1,336,298
Unearned revenue	371,574
Long-term liabilities	
Long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pension	
Due within one year	4,010,265
Due in more than one year	90,583,122
Total other postemployment benefits liability (OPEB)	7,942,638
Aggregate net pension liabilities	<u>56,973,482</u>
Total liabilities	<u>162,416,178</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	<u>3,077,524</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>3,077,524</u>
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	44,053,552
Restricted for	
Debt service	3,117,535
Capital projects	8,426,952
Educational programs	2,342,399
Food services	8,291
Unrestricted	<u>(43,584,330)</u>
Total net position	<u><u>\$ 14,364,399</u></u>

Los Gatos-Saratoga Joint Union High School District
Statement of Activities
Year Ended June 30, 2021

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues		Net (Expenses)
		Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Revenues and Changes in Net Position
				Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities				
Instruction	\$ 42,544,448	\$ 9,159	\$ 4,814,150	\$ (37,721,139)
Instruction-related activities				
Supervision of instruction	1,401,487	654	78,502	(1,322,331)
Instructional library, media, and technology	1,361,399	-	165,616	(1,195,783)
School site administration	5,231,848	80	199,048	(5,032,720)
Pupil services				
Home-to-school transportation	328,850	-	5,571	(323,279)
Food services	644,735	-	1,522	(643,213)
All other pupil services	6,933,688	2	1,057,433	(5,876,253)
Administration				
Data processing	773,356	-	150	(773,206)
All other administration	4,022,642	-	73,983	(3,948,659)
Plant services	7,306,836	1,558	331,936	(6,973,342)
Ancillary services	2,216,608	17,687	130,878	(2,068,043)
Community services	483,821	-	-	(483,821)
Enterprise services	78,295	-	-	(78,295)
Interest on long-term liabilities	2,884,052	-	-	(2,884,052)
Other outgo	115,936	370,402	463,951	718,417
Total primary government	<u>\$ 76,328,001</u>	<u>\$ 399,542</u>	<u>\$ 7,322,740</u>	<u>(68,605,719)</u>
General Revenues and Subventions				
Property taxes, levied for general purposes				54,766,785
Property taxes, levied for debt service				5,927,948
Taxes levied for other specific purposes				3,337,945
Federal and State aid not restricted to specific purposes				1,659,434
Interest and investment earnings				371,217
Miscellaneous				4,054,499
Subtotal, general revenues				<u>70,117,828</u>
Change in Net Position				1,512,109
Net Position - Beginning, as restated				<u>12,852,290</u>
Net Position - Ending				<u>\$ 14,364,399</u>

Los Gatos-Saratoga Joint Union High School District

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds

June 30, 2021

	General Fund	Building Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets					
Deposits and investments	\$ 11,374,687	\$ 24,726,625	\$ 6,411,773	\$ 7,280,395	\$ 49,793,480
Receivables	1,834,160	29,191	18,773	164,917	2,047,041
Due from other funds	-	93,023	1,732,838	213,243	2,039,104
Stores inventories	-	-	-	8,291	8,291
Other current assets	-	-	-	4,942	4,942
Total assets	\$ 13,208,847	\$ 24,848,839	\$ 8,163,384	\$ 7,671,788	\$ 53,892,858
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 897,382	\$ 300,783	\$ -	\$ 634	\$ 1,198,799
Due to other funds	1,835,172	-	200,000	3,932	2,039,104
Unearned revenue	303,195	-	-	68,379	371,574
Total liabilities	3,035,749	300,783	200,000	72,945	3,609,477
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable	11,150	-	-	8,291	19,441
Restricted	1,194,276	24,548,056	7,963,384	6,065,524	39,771,240
Committed	-	-	-	1,525,028	1,525,028
Unassigned	8,967,672	-	-	-	8,967,672
Total fund balances	10,173,098	24,548,056	7,963,384	7,598,843	50,283,381
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 13,208,847	\$ 24,848,839	\$ 8,163,384	\$ 7,671,788	\$ 53,892,858

Los Gatos-Saratoga Joint Union High School District
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position – Governmental Funds
June 30, 2021

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 50,283,381
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		
The cost of capital assets is	\$ 206,893,011	
Accumulated depreciation is	<u>(93,172,986)</u>	
Net capital assets		113,720,025
In governmental funds, unmatured interest on long-term liabilities is recognized in the period when it is due. On the government-wide financial statements, unmatured interest on long-term liabilities is recognized when it is incurred.		
		(1,336,298)
Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position in a future period and is not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources amounted to and related to		
Debt refundings (deferred charge on refunding)	37,260	
Other postemployment benefits (OPEB)	1,020,922	
Net pension liability	<u>13,226,140</u>	
Total deferred outflows of resources		14,284,322
Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and is not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred inflows of resources amount to and related to		
Net pension liability		(3,077,524)
Net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period, and is not reported as a liability in the funds.		
		(56,973,482)
The District's OPEB liability is not due and payable in the current period, and is not reported as a liability in the funds.		
		(7,942,638)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.		
Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of		
General obligation bonds	(92,463,525)	
Certificates of participation	(1,715,288)	
Capital leases	(72,976)	
Compensated absences (vacations)	<u>(341,598)</u>	
Total long-term liabilities		<u>(94,593,387)</u>
Total net position - governmental activities		<u>\$ 14,364,399</u>

Los Gatos-Saratoga Joint Union High School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General Fund	Building Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues					
Local control funding formula	\$ 55,596,978	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 55,596,978
Federal sources	1,785,127	-	-	-	1,785,127
Other state sources	5,701,634	-	-	15,497	5,717,131
Other local sources	4,535,742	216,300	113,443	6,781,347	11,646,832
Total revenues	67,619,481	216,300	113,443	6,796,844	74,746,068
Expenditures					
Current					
Instruction	33,738,549	-	-	-	33,738,549
Instruction-related activities					
Supervision of instruction	1,113,035	-	-	-	1,113,035
Instructional library, media, and technology	1,116,720	-	-	-	1,116,720
School site administration	4,096,782	-	-	-	4,096,782
Pupil services					
Home-to-school transportation	275,935	-	-	-	275,935
Food services	1,522	-	-	504,822	506,344
All other pupil services	5,649,869	-	-	-	5,649,869
Administration					
Data processing	596,248	-	-	-	596,248
All other administration	3,303,034	-	-	-	3,303,034
Plant services	6,032,205	-	-	37,497	6,069,702
Ancillary services	1,735,063	-	-	126,615	1,861,678
Community services	190,444	-	-	240,380	430,824
Other outgo	115,936	-	-	-	115,936
Enterprise services	17,825	-	-	-	17,825
Capital outlay	154	4,244,750	-	-	4,244,904
Debt service					
Principal	51,748	-	616,667	2,653,333	3,321,748
Interest and other	6,837	-	46,718	3,294,024	3,347,579
Total expenditures	58,041,906	4,244,750	663,385	6,856,671	69,806,712
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	9,577,575	(4,028,450)	(549,942)	(59,827)	4,939,356
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	-	-	3,920,784	663,969	4,584,753
Transfers out	(4,584,753)	-	-	-	(4,584,753)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	(4,584,753)	-	3,920,784	663,969	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	4,992,822	(4,028,450)	3,370,842	604,142	4,939,356
Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated	5,180,276	28,576,506	4,592,542	6,994,701	45,344,025
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 10,173,098	\$ 24,548,056	\$ 7,963,384	\$ 7,598,843	\$ 50,283,381

Los Gatos-Saratoga Joint Union High School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2021

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds \$ 4,939,356

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because

Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures; however, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the Statement of Activities.

This is the amount by which depreciation exceeds capital outlays in the period.

Depreciation expense	\$ (8,059,778)
Capital outlays	<u>4,304,657</u>

Net expense adjustment	(3,755,121)
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Loss(Gain) on disposal of capital assets is reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position, but is not recorded in the governmental funds. (3,375)

In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses, such as compensated absences (vacations) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). This amount is the difference between vacation earned and used. 43,793

In the governmental funds, pension costs are based on employer contributions made to pension plans during the year. However, in the Statement of Activities, pension expense is the net effect of all changes in the deferred outflows, deferred inflows and net pension liability during the year. (2,838,628)

In the governmental funds, OPEB costs are based on employer contributions made to OPEB plans during the year. However, in the Statement of Activities, OPEB expense is the net effect of all changes in the deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and net OPEB liability during the year. (659,191)

Deferred charge on refunding (the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the refunded debt) are capitalized and amortized over the remaining life of the new or old debt, whichever is shorter. (33,872)

Los Gatos-Saratoga Joint Union High School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2021

Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and the deferred amount on a refunding when the debt is first issued, whereas the amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.

Premium amortization	440,797	
Discount amortization	31,448	
Total amortization		472,245

Payment of principal on long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.

General obligation bonds	2,345,000	
Certificates of participation	925,000	
Capital leases	51,038	
Total principal payments		3,321,038

Interest on long-term liabilities is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due; however, in the Statement of Activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accretes or accrues, regardless of when it is due.

		25,864
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 1,512,109

Los Gatos-Saratoga Joint Union High School District
Statement of Net Position – Fiduciary Funds
June 30, 2021

	Scholarship Private-Purpose Trust
Assets	
Deposits and investments	\$ 433,980
Receivables	779
Total assets	434,759
Net Position	
Restricted for scholarship	434,759
Total net position	\$ 434,759

Los Gatos-Saratoga Joint Union High School District
Statement of Changes in Net Position – Fiduciary Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Scholarship Private-Purpose Trust
Additions	
Interest	\$ 4,397
Deductions	
Scholarships awarded	4,000
Change in Net Position	397
Net Position - Beginning	434,362
Net Position - Ending	\$ 434,759

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**Financial Reporting Entity**

The Los Gatos-Saratoga Joint Union High School District (District) was organized under the laws of the State of California. The District operates under a locally-elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services to grades nine through twelve as mandated by the State of California. The District operates two high schools and one alternative program.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For Los Gatos-Saratoga Joint Union High School District, this includes general operations and student related activities of the District.

Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The District's funds are grouped into two broad fund categories: governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund The General Fund is the chief operating fund for all districts. It is used to account for the ordinary operations of the District. All transactions except those accounted for in another fund are accounted for in this fund. One fund currently defined as special revenue fund in the California State Accounting Manual (CSAM) does not meet the GASB Statement No. 54 special revenue fund definition. Specifically, Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects is not substantially composed of restricted or committed revenue sources. While this fund is authorized by statute and will remain open for internal reporting purposes, this fund functions effectively as an extension of the General Fund, and accordingly has been combined with the General Fund for presentation in these audited financial statements.

As a result, the General Fund reflects an increase in fund balance of \$3,296,613.

Building Fund The Building Fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (Education Code Section 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued.

Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects The Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund monies for capital outlay purposes (*Education Code* Section 42840)

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds The Special Revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds from specific revenue sources (other than trusts, major capital projects, or debt service) that are restricted or committed to the financing of particular activities, that compose a substantial portion of the inflows of the fund, and that are reasonably expected to continue. Additional resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to the purpose of the fund may also be reported in the fund.

- **Student Activity Fund** The Student Activity Fund is used to account separately for the operating activities of the associated student body accounts that are not fiduciary in nature, including student clubs, general operations, athletics, and other student body activities.
- **Cafeteria Fund** The Cafeteria Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38090-38093) and is used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38091 and 38100).
- **Deferred Maintenance Fund** The Deferred Maintenance Fund is used to account separately for revenues that are restricted or committed for deferred maintenance purposes (*Education Code* Section 17582).
- **Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits** The Postemployment Benefits Fund exists to account separately for funds committed for employees' retirement benefit payments. While the funds are committed by the governing board to pay for retiree benefits, the board has the ability to use these funds for general fund purposes.

Capital Project Funds The Capital Project funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds). One of the District's capital project funds, Building Fund, is a major fund that is described under "major government funds" paragraph previously

- **Capital Facilities Fund** The Capital Facilities Fund is used primarily to account separately for monies received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approval (*Education Code* Sections 17620-17626 and *Government Code* Section 65995 et seq.). Expenditures are restricted to the purposes specified in *Government Code* Sections 65970-65981 or to the items specified in agreements with the developer (*Government Code* Section 66006).

Debt Service Funds The Debt Service fund are used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of principal and interest on general long-term liabilities. The District has only one debt service fund, Bond Interest and Redemption Fund that is used for the repayment of bonds issued for the district (Education Code Sections 15125-15262).

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the district and are not available to support the District's own programs. Fiduciary funds are split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and custodial funds. The three types of trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangement that has certain characteristics. The District has only a private-purpose trust fund which is used to account for scholarships.

Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between expenses, both direct and indirect, and program revenues for each governmental function, and excludes fiduciary activity. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities, except for depreciation. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Fund Financial Statements Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-Major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

- **Governmental Funds** - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current position and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance reports on the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the differences between the government-wide statements and the statements for the governmental funds.
- **Fiduciary Funds** - Fiduciary funds are accounted for using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements because they do not represent resources of the District

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. The District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within one year after year-end, except for property taxes, which are considered available if collected within 60 days. The following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: State apportionments, interest, certain grants, and other local sources.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are received. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include time and purpose requirements. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, such as when certain grants are received prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures. In the subsequent periods, when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and the revenue is recognized.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on general long-term liabilities, which have not matured, are recognized when paid in the governmental funds as expenditures. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds but are recognized in the government-wide statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include cash with county treasury balances for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

Investments

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county and State investment pools are determined by the program sponsor.

Prepaid Expenditures (Expenses)

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Stores Inventories

Inventories consist of expendable food and supplies held for consumption. Inventories are stated at cost, on the first-in, first-out basis. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the District as a whole. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized, but are expensed as incurred.

When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and are capitalized in the government-wide financial statements. The valuation basis for general capital assets is historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost. Donated capital assets are capitalized at acquisition value on the date donated.

Depreciation is computed by the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: buildings and improvements, 20 to 50 years; equipment, 2 to 15 years. Depreciation expense is allocated in the statement of activities based on expenditures by function.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental statement of net position.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported as a current liability on the government-wide statement of net position. For governmental funds, the liability is disclosed in the general long-term debt account group and is not accrued as a liability in any governmental fund.

Sick leave is accumulated without limit for each employee at the rate of one day for each month worked. Leave with pay is provided when employees are absent for health reasons; however, the employees do not gain a vested right to accumulated sick leave. Employees are never paid for any sick leave balance at termination of employment or any other time. Therefore, the value of accumulated sick leave is not recognized as a liability in the District's financial statements. However, credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all certificated and classified employees and is determined by dividing the number of unused sick days by the number of base service days required to complete the last school year, if employed full-time. The long-term portion of compensated absences for the District at June 30, 2021 amounted to \$341,598.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Liabilities

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term liabilities are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as liabilities of the governmental funds.

However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, special termination benefits, and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, capital leases, and other long-term liabilities are recognized as liabilities in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Debt Issuance Costs, Premiums and Discounts

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund type financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Debt premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs related to prepaid insurance costs are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method.

In governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs are recognized in the period the bonds are issued. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are also reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds, are reported as debt service expenditures in the period the bonds are issued.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position also reports deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The District reports deferred outflows of resources for deferred charges on refunding of debt, for pension related items, and for OPEB related items. The deferred charge on refunding resulted from the difference between the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price. The amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred amounts related to pension and OPEB relate to differences between expected and actual earnings on investments, changes of assumptions, and other pension and OPEB related changes.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The District reports deferred inflows of resources for deferred charges for pension related items.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the California State Teachers Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan for schools (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalSTRS and CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Member contributions are recognized in the period in which they are earned. Investments are reported at fair value. The net pension liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid by the fund in which the employee worked.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the CalSTRS Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program and additions to/deductions from the District Plan and the MPP's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the District Plan. For this purpose, the District Plan and the MPP recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost. The total OPEB liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General Fund.

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

As of June 30, 2021, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the governing board. The governing board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions or other action as approved by the governing board.

Assigned - amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the District's adopted policy, only the governing board, and the chief business officer may assign amounts for specific purposes. The District currently does not have any assigned funds.

Unassigned - all other spendable amounts.

Spending Order Policy

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the governing board has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

In May 2021, the governing board adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund in order to protect the district against revenue shortfalls or unpredicted on-time expenditures. The policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties consisting of unassigned amounts equal to no less than 10% of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position net of investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental columns of the statement of activities.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of Santa Clara bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

New Accounting Pronouncements Effective in the Current Year

As of June 30, 2021, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The objective of this Statement is to improve the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The requirements of this Statement will enhance consistency and comparability by establishing specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities. Greater consistency and comparability enhance the value provided by the information reported in financial statements for assessing government accountability and stewardship. The impact to the District resulted in a reclassification of the District's student body activities from fiduciary to governmental. The effect of the implementation of this standard on beginning fund balance and net position is disclosed in Note 16.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. Early implementation is encouraged. The effects of this change on the District's financial statements have not yet been determined.

In June 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period*. The objectives of this Statement are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020. Earlier application is encouraged. The requirements of this Statement should be applied prospectively. The effects of this change on the District's financial statements have not yet been determined.

In May 2019, the GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021. Early implementation is encouraged. The effects of this change on the District's financial statements have not yet been determined.

In January 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. The objectives of this statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics and includes specific provisions about the following:

- The effective date of Statement No. 87, Leases, and Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, Leases, for interim financial reporting.
- Reporting of intra-entity transfers of assets between a primary government employer and a component unit defined benefit pension plan or defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan.
- The applicability of Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement No. 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68, as amended, and No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, as amended, to reporting assets accumulated for postemployment benefits.
- The applicability of certain requirements of Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, to postemployment benefit arrangements.
- Measurement of liabilities (and assets, if any) related to asset retirement obligations (AROs) in a government acquisition.
- Reporting by public entity risk pools for amounts that are recoverable from reinsurers or excess insurers.
- Reference to nonrecurring fair value measurements of assets or liabilities in authoritative literature.
- Terminology used to refer to derivative instruments.

The requirements of this Statement are effective as follows:

- The requirements related to the effective date of Statement 87 and Implementation Guide 2019-3, reinsurance recoveries, and terminology used to refer to derivative instruments are effective upon issuance.
- The requirements related to intra-entity transfers of assets and those related to the applicability of Statements 73 and 74 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021.
- The requirements related to application of Statement 84 to postemployment benefit arrangements and those related to nonrecurring fair value measurements of assets or liabilities are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.
- The requirements related to the measurement of liabilities (and assets, if any) associated with AROs in a government acquisition are effective for government acquisitions occurring in reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

Early implementation is encouraged. The effects of this change on the District's financial statements have not yet been determined.

In March 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). As used in this Statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Some PPPs meet the definition of a service concession arrangement (SCA), which the Board defines in this Statement as a PPP in which (1) the operator collects and is compensated by fees from third parties; (2) the transferor determines or has the ability to modify or approve which services the operator is required to provide, to whom the operator is required to provide the services, and the prices or rates that can be charged for the services; and (3) the transferor is entitled to significant residual interest in the service utility of the underlying PPP asset at the end of the arrangement. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is encouraged. The effects of this change on the District's financial statements have not yet been determined.

In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, *Leases*, as amended. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is encouraged. The effects of this change on the District's financial statements have not yet been determined.

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments

Summary of Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2021, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Governmental funds	\$ 49,793,480
Fiduciary funds	<u>433,980</u>
Total deposits and investments	<u><u>\$ 50,227,460</u></u>

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2021, consist of the following:

Cash on hand and in banks	\$ 1,143,181
Cash with fiscal agent	16,621
Cash in revolving	11,150
Investments	<u>49,056,508</u>
Total deposits and investments	<u><u>\$ 50,227,460</u></u>

Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations.

Investment in County Treasury - The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (Education Code Section 41001). The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accounting financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis. The pool is not registered with Security Exchange Committee.

General Authorizations

Limitations as they relate to interest rate risk and concentration of credit risk are indicated in the schedules below:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Remaining Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by depositing substantially all of its funds in the Santa Clara County Treasury Pool.

The District monitors the interest rate risk inherent in its portfolio by measuring the maturity of its portfolio. The weighted average maturity of the Santa Clara County Pool was 615 days on June 30, 2021.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measure by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The Santa Clara County Investment Pool was unrated on June 30, 2021.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. As of June 30, 2021, the District's bank balance in the amount of \$757,854 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Note 3 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2021, consist of the following sources. All receivables are considered collectible in full.

	Government Activities				Total	Fiduciary Funds
	General Fund	Building Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Non-Major Governmental Funds		
Federal Government						
Categorical aid	\$ 128,343	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 128,343	\$ -
State Government						
Categorical aid	11,049	-	-	-	11,049	-
Lottery	236,599	-	-	-	236,599	-
Local Government						
Interest	44,220	29,191	7,287	5,935	86,633	-
Other local sources	1,413,949	-	11,486	158,982	1,584,417	779
Total	\$ 1,834,160	\$ 29,191	\$ 18,773	\$ 164,917	\$ 2,047,041	\$ 779

Los Gatos-Saratoga Joint Union High School District

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

Note 4 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2020	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2021
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 48,953	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 48,953
Construction in progress	4,436,077	3,801,335	(32,652)	8,204,760
Total capital assets not being depreciated	4,485,030	3,801,335	(32,652)	8,253,713
Capital assets being depreciated				
Land improvements	11,472,060	476,067	-	11,948,127
Buildings and improvements	183,429,712	-	-	183,429,712
Furniture and equipment	3,223,638	59,907	(22,086)	3,261,459
Total capital assets being depreciated	198,125,410	535,974	(22,086)	198,639,298
Total capital assets	202,610,440	4,337,309	(54,738)	206,893,011
Accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	(2,388,229)	(575,587)	-	(2,963,816)
Buildings and improvements	(80,750,311)	(7,283,769)	-	(88,034,080)
Furniture and equipment	(1,993,379)	(200,422)	18,711	(2,175,090)
Total accumulated depreciation	(85,131,919)	(8,059,778)	18,711	(93,172,986)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 117,478,521	\$ (3,722,469)	\$ (36,027)	\$ 113,720,025

Depreciation expense was charged as a direct expense to governmental functions as follows:

Governmental Activities	
Instruction	\$ 4,626,423
Supervision of instruction	152,626
Instructional library media, and technology	153,131
Administration	561,774
Home-to-school transportation	37,838
Food services	69,433
Other pupil services	774,743
Ancillary services	255,284
Community services	59,077
Enterprise	2,444
All other general admin.	452,931
Data processing service	81,761
Plant services	832,313
Total depreciation expenses governmental activities	\$ 8,059,778

Note 5 - Interfund Transactions

Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due to/Due from)

Interfund receivable and payable balances arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due to/Due from) for the year ended June 30, 2021, between major and non-major governmental funds are as follows:

Due To	Due From			Total
	Building Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Non-Major Governmental Funds	
General Fund	\$ 89,091	\$ 1,732,838	\$ 13,243	\$ 1,835,172
Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	-	-	200,000	200,000
Non-Major Governmental Funds	3,932	-	-	3,932
Total	\$ 93,023	\$ 1,732,838	\$ 213,243	\$ 2,039,104

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2021, consisted of the following:

Transfer To	Transfer From		Total
	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Non-Major Governmental Funds	
General Fund	\$ 3,920,784	\$ 663,969	\$ 4,584,753
The General Fund transferred to the Cafeteria Non-Major Governmental Fund to cover the expenditure of the food service program.			\$ 463,969
The General Fund transferred to the Deferred Non-Major Governmental Fund to fund fiscal year and other medium and long term deferred maintenance projects.			200,000
The General Fund transferred to the Special Reserve Capital Outlay Projects Non-Major Governmental to fund Certificate of Participation ("COPs") principal and interest payments.			3,920,784
Total			\$ 4,584,753

Note 6 - Deferred Amounts on Refunding

Deferred inflows of resources are an acquisition of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period. For governmental activities, the net investment in capital assets amount of \$44,053,552 includes the effect of deferring the recognition of loss of \$37,260 from advance refunding. The loss will be recognized as expense and as a decrease in net position over the remaining life of related liabilities.

The changes in the District's deferred gain (loss) on refunding during the year are as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2020	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2021
2012 General obligation bond	\$ 54,095	\$ (25,758)	\$ 28,337
2012 Certificates of participation	17,037	(8,114)	8,923
	<u>\$ 71,132</u>	<u>\$ (33,872)</u>	<u>\$ 37,260</u>

Note 7 - Accounts Payable

Accounts payable at June 30, 2021, consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Building Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Vendor payables	\$ 727,418	\$ 300,783	\$ 634	\$ 1,028,835
Salaries and benefits	169,964	-	-	169,964
Total	<u>\$ 897,382</u>	<u>\$ 300,783</u>	<u>\$ 634</u>	<u>\$ 1,198,799</u>

Note 8 - Long-Term Liabilities Other than OPEB and Pensions

Summary

The changes in the District's long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions during the year consisted of the following:

	Balance July 1, 2020	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2021	Due in One Year
GOB	\$ 88,930,000	\$ -	\$ (2,345,000)	\$ 86,585,000	\$ 2,555,000
COP	2,634,000	-	(925,000)	1,709,000	954,000
GOB premiums	6,319,322	-	(440,797)	5,878,525	440,797
COP premiums	37,736	-	(31,448)	6,288	6,288
Capital leases	124,014	-	(51,038)	72,976	54,180
Compensated absences	385,391	51,930	(95,723)	341,598	-
Total	\$ 98,430,463	\$ 51,930	\$ (3,889,006)	\$ 94,593,387	\$ 4,010,265

Payments on the general obligation bonds (GOB) are made by the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund from a separate property tax override and, thus, do not require the use of general revenues. Payments for the Certificates of Participation (COP) are made from the Special Reserve for Capital Outlay Fund and Capital Facilities Fund. Office of Public Schools Constructions (OPSC) loan will be paid from Capital Facilities Fund. The compensated absences will be paid by the fund for which the employee worked. Capital leases are paid by the General Fund.

General Obligation Bonds

The outstanding general obligation bonded debt is as follows:

Issuance Date	Final Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Bonds Outstanding July 1, 2020	Redeemed	Bonds Outstanding June 30, 2021
2012	2023	2.0-3.0%	\$ 9,785,000	\$ 3,980,000	\$ (920,000)	\$ 3,060,000
2014	2045	2.0-5.0%	45,000,000	37,760,000	-	37,760,000
2016	2036	2.0-4.0%	54,000,000	47,190,000	(1,425,000)	45,765,000
				\$ 88,930,000	\$ (2,345,000)	\$ 86,585,000

Bond Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The bonds mature through 2046 as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest to Maturity</u>	<u>Total</u>
2022	\$ 2,555,000	\$ 3,205,425	\$ 5,760,425
2023	2,795,000	3,130,750	5,925,750
2024	3,055,000	3,037,725	6,092,725
2025	2,225,000	2,951,625	5,176,625
2026	2,485,000	2,862,325	5,347,325
2027-2031	17,070,000	12,604,250	29,674,250
2032-2036	26,575,000	8,481,725	35,056,725
2037-2041	16,450,000	3,992,250	20,442,250
2042-2046	13,375,000	1,121,300	14,496,300
Total	<u>\$ 86,585,000</u>	<u>\$ 41,387,375</u>	<u>\$ 127,972,375</u>

Certificates of Participation

On August 1, 2008, the District issued two certificates of participation (COP) totaling \$7,070,000. These certificates of participation were issued to finance the cost of a high school technology project, school sports facilities improvements, and construction of administrative and commercial office space. During 2017, the District issued refunding certificates of participation (refunding certificates) in the amount of \$3,059,000 with interest ranging from 2.0% to 2.5% to refund \$3,335,000 of these two COPs. As of June 30, 2021, the principal outstanding of the 2017 refunding certificates was \$1,349,000.

On October 18, 2012, the District issued refunding certificates of participation in the amount of \$2,845,000 with interest ranging from 2.0% to 5.0% to refund \$2,950,000 of outstanding 2001 certificates of participation. As of June 30, 2021 the principal outstanding was \$360,000.

The certificates mature through 2024 as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2022	\$ 954,000	\$ 38,830	\$ 992,830
2023	606,000	8,950	614,950
2024	149,000	1,475	150,475
Total	<u>\$ 1,709,000</u>	<u>\$ 49,255</u>	<u>\$ 1,758,255</u>

Capital Leases

The District has entered into a 4-year capital lease in the amount of \$228,377 for equipment with 6.58% interest rate. Such agreement is, in substance, purchase (capital leases) and is reported capital lease obligation. The capital lease matures through 2023 as follows:

	<u>Copier</u>
Balance, July 1, 2020	\$ 124,014
Payments	<u>(51,038)</u>
Balance, July 1, 2021	<u><u>\$ 72,976</u></u>

The capital leases have minimum lease payments as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	<u>Lease Payment</u>
2022	\$ 57,094
2023	<u>19,033</u>
Total	76,127
Less amount representing interest	<u>(3,151)</u>
Present value of minimum lease payments	<u><u>\$ 72,976</u></u>

Note 9 - Total Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Liability

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the District reported total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, and OPEB expense for the following plans:

<u>OPEB Plan</u>	<u>Total OPEB Liability</u>	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>OPEB Expense</u>
Retiree Health Plan	\$ 7,616,175	\$ 1,020,922	\$ 628,358
Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program	<u>326,463</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>30,833</u>
Total	<u><u>\$ 7,942,638</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,020,922</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 659,191</u></u>

The details of each plan are as follows:

Retiree Health Plan

Plan Administration

The District's governing board administers the Postemployment Benefits Plan (the Plan). The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) for eligible retirees and their spouses. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB statement No. 75.

Plan Membership

At June 30, 2021, the valuation date, the Plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits payments	40
Active employees	<u>263</u>
Total	<u><u>303</u></u>

Contributions

The contribution requirements of Plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District, the various represented groups, and unrepresented groups. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. For fiscal year 2020-2021, the District contributed \$193,076 to the Plan, all of which was used for current premiums.

Total OPEB Liability of the District

The District's total OPEB liability of \$7,616,175 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of measurement date June 30, 2021.

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides medical dental and vision insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Benefits are provided through a third-party insurer, and the full cost of benefits is covered by the Plan. The District's governing board has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms as contained within the negotiated labor agreements.

Certificated Employees					Annual Premium Increases 10% or Less		Annual Premium Increases more than 10%	
Hire Date	Retirement Age	Years of Full Time Service	Plan Pays	Retiree Pays	Plan Pick up	Retiree Pick up	Plan Pick up	Retire Pick up
Prior to July 2006	55	10	75%	25%	Half	Half	5% increase	Remainder
	56	10	80%	20%	Half	Half	5% increase	Remainder
	57	10	85%	15%	Half	Half	5% increase	Remainder
	58	10	90%	10%	Half	Half	5% increase	Remainder
	59	10	95%	5%	Half	Half	5% increase	Remainder
	60-64	10	100%	0%	Half	Half	5% increase	Remainder
July 2006 or after	58	20	90%	10%	Half	Half	5% increase	Remainder
	59	20	95%	5%	Half	Half	5% increase	Remainder
	60-64	20	100%	0%	Half	Half	5% increase	Remainder

Classified and Management					Annual Premium Increases 10% or Less		Annual Premium Increases more than 10%	
Hire Date	Retirement Age	Years of Full Time Service	Plan Pays	Retiree Pays	Plan Pick up	Retiree Pick up	Plan Pick up	Retire Pick up
No cut off date	55	10	75%	25%	Half	Half	5% increase	Remainder
	56	10	80%	20%	Half	Half	5% increase	Remainder
	57	10	85%	15%	Half	Half	5% increase	Remainder
	58	10	90%	10%	Half	Half	5% increase	Remainder
	59	10	95%	5%	Half	Half	5% increase	Remainder
	60-64	10	100%	0%	Half	Half	5% increase	Remainder

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the measurement date June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Salary increases	2.75 percent, average, including inflation
Discount rate	2.16 percent
Healthcare cost trend rates	4.00 percent

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer 20-bond General Obligation Index.

Mortality rates were based on the 2020 CalSTRS Mortality Table for certificated employees and the 2017 CalPERS Active Mortality for Miscellaneous Employees Table for classified employees. Mortality rates vary by age and sex. (Unisex mortality rates are not often used as individual OPEB benefits do not depend on the mortality table used.) If employees die prior to retirement, past contributions are available to fund benefits for employees who live to retirement. After retirement, death results in benefit termination or reduction. Although higher mortality rates reduce service costs, the mortality assumption is not likely to vary from employer to employer.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actual experience study for the period July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	<u>Total OPEB Liability</u>
Balance, June 30, 2020	\$ 7,064,753
Service cost	524,339
Interest	159,466
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	24,582
Benefit payments	<u>(156,965)</u>
Net change in total OPEB liability	<u>551,422</u>
Balance, June 30, 2021	<u><u>\$ 7,616,175</u></u>

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.20% in 2020 to 2.16% in 2021.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.16%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.16%) than the current discount rate:

<u>Discount Rate</u>	<u>Total OPEB Liability</u>
1% decrease (1.16%)	\$ 8,185,206
Current discount rate (2.16%)	7,616,175
1% increase (3.16%)	7,072,157

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (3%) or 1-percentage-point higher (5%) than the current healthcare costs trend rates:

<u>Healthcare Cost Trend Rates</u>	<u>Total OPEB Liability</u>
1% decrease (3.0%)	\$ 6,671,687
Current healthcare cost trend rate (4.0%)	7,616,175
1% increase (5.0%)	8,728,808

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resource related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$628,358. The amount was recorded in the Statement of Activities.

At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 631,610
Changes of assumptions	389,312
Total	<u>\$ 1,020,922</u>

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Year Ended June 30,</u>	<u>Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources</u>
2022	\$ 101,517
2023	101,517
2024	101,517
2025	101,517
2026	101,517
Thereafter	513,337
Total	<u>\$ 1,020,922</u>

Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program**Plan Description**

The Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program is administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). The MPP Program is a cost-sharing multiple-employer other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB) established pursuant to Chapter 1032, Statutes 2000 (SB 1435). CalSTRS administers the MPP Program through the Teachers' Health Benefits Fund (THBF).

A full description of the MPP Program regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2019 annual actuarial valuation report, Medicare Premium Payment Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at:

<http://www.calstrs.com/member-publications>.

Benefits Provided

The MPP Program pays Medicare Part A premiums and Medicare Parts A and B late enrollment surcharges for eligible members of the State Teachers Retirement Plan (STRP) Defined Benefit (DB) Program who were retired or began receiving a disability allowance prior to July 1, 2012 and were not eligible for premium free Medicare Part A. The payments are made directly to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) on a monthly basis.

The MPP Program is closed to new entrants as members who retire after July 1, 2012, are not eligible for coverage under the MPP Program.

The MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you go basis from a portion of monthly District benefit payments. In accordance with California *Education Code* Section 25930, contributions that would otherwise be credited to the DB Program each month are instead credited to the MPP Program to fund monthly program and administrative costs. Total redirections to the MPP Program are monitored to ensure that total incurred costs do not exceed the amount initially identified as the cost of the program.

Net OPEB Liability and OPEB Expense

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$326,463 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability for the MPP Program. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB Plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively, was 0.0770%, and 0.0794%, resulting in a net decrease in the proportionate share of 0.0024%.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$30,833.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The June 30, 2020 total OPEB liability was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, and rolling forward the total OPEB liability to June 30, 2020, using the assumptions listed in the following table:

Measurement Date	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
Valuation Date	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
Experience Study	July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2018	July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2015
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal
Investment Rate of Return	2.21%	3.50%
Medicare Part A Premium Cost Trend Rate	4.50%	3.70%
Medicare Part B Premium Cost Trend Rate	5.40%	4.10%

For the valuation as of June 30, 2019, CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among our members. The projection scale was set equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP 2019) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries.

Assumptions were made about future participation (enrollment) into the MPP Program because CalSTRS is unable to determine which members not currently participating meet all eligibility criteria for enrollment in the future. Assumed enrollment rates were derived based on past experience and are stratified by age with the probability of enrollment diminishing as the members’ age increases. This estimated enrollment rate was then applied to the population of members who may meet criteria necessary for eligibility and are not currently enrolled in the MPP Program. Based on this, the estimated number of future enrollments used in the financial reporting valuation was 294 or an average of 0.18% of the potentially eligible population (159,339).

The MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis with contributions generally being made at the same time and in the same amount as benefit payments and expenses coming due. Any funds within the MPP Program as of June 30, 2020, were to manage differences between estimated and actual amounts to be paid and were invested in the Surplus Money Investment Fund, which is a pooled investment program administered by the State Treasurer.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020, is 2.21%. As the MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis as previously noted, the OPEB Plan’s fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to make projected future benefit payments. Therefore, a discount rate of 2.21%, which is the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index from Bondbuyer.com as of June 30, 2020, was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to measure the total OPEB liability. The discount rate decreased 1.29% from 3.50% as of June 30, 2019.

Sensitivity of the District’s Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District’s proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

<u>Discount Rate</u>	<u>Net OPEB Liability</u>
1% decrease (1.21%)	\$ 360,995
Current discount rate (2.21%)	326,463
1% increase (3.21%)	297,078

Sensitivity of the District’s Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Medicare Costs Trend Rates

The following presents the District’s proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the Medicare costs trend rates, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using Medicare costs trend rates that are one percent lower or higher than the current rates:

<u>Medicare Costs Trend Rate</u>	<u>Net OPEB Liability</u>
1% decrease (3.50% Part A and 4.40% Part B)	\$ 296,014
Current Medicare costs trend rate (4.50% Part A and 5.40% Part B)	326,463
1% increase (5.50% Part A and 6.40% Part B)	361,513

Los Gatos-Saratoga Joint Union High School District

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

Note 10 - Fund Balances

Fund balances are composed of the following elements:

	General Fund	Building Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable					
Revolving cash	\$ 11,150	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,150
Stores inventories	-	-	-	8,291	8,291
Total nonspendable	<u>11,150</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>8,291</u>	<u>19,441</u>
Restricted					
Educational program	1,194,276	-	-	1,148,123	2,342,399
Capital projects	-	24,548,056	7,963,384	463,568	32,975,008
Debt services	-	-	-	4,453,833	4,453,833
Total restricted	<u>1,194,276</u>	<u>24,548,056</u>	<u>7,963,384</u>	<u>6,065,524</u>	<u>39,771,240</u>
Committed					
Deferred maintenance program	-	-	-	403,517	403,517
OPEB	-	-	-	1,121,511	1,121,511
Total committed	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,525,028</u>	<u>1,525,028</u>
Unassigned					
Reserve for economic uncertainties	8,967,672	-	-	-	8,967,672
Total unassigned	<u>8,967,672</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>8,967,672</u>
Total	<u>\$ 10,173,098</u>	<u>\$ 24,548,056</u>	<u>\$ 7,963,384</u>	<u>\$ 7,598,843</u>	<u>\$ 50,283,381</u>

Note 11 - Risk Management

Property and Liability

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year ending June 30, 2021, the District participated in the South Bay Area Schools' Insurance Authority (SBASIA) for property and liability insurance coverage. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2021, the District participated in the Santa Clara County Schools' Insurance Group (SCCSIG) and South Bay Area Schools' Insurance Authority (SBASIA), insurance purchasing pools. The intent of the SCCSIG and SBASIA is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the SCCSIG and SBASIA. The workers' compensation experience of the participating districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all districts in the SCCSIG. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium based on its individual rate. Total savings for both agencies are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "equity-pooling fund." This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the agencies. Participation in the agencies is limited to districts that can meet their selection criteria.

Coverage for property and liability and workers' compensation is as follows:

Insurance Program / Company Name	Type of Coverage	Limits
Protected Insurance Program for School South Bay Area School's Insurance Authority	Workers' Compensation	\$1,000,000
	Liability (includes General Liability, Auto Liability and Errors & Omissions)	\$50,000,000
	Property	\$5,000,000
	Crime	\$250,000

Note 12 - Employee Retirement Systems

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Academic employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the District reported net pension liabilities (also known as pension UAL, Unfunded Accrued Liability), deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense for each of the above plans as follows:

Pension Plan	Net Pension Liability	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Pension Expense
CalSTRS	\$ 42,843,973	\$ 10,680,143	\$ 2,103,926	\$ 5,650,477
CalPERS	14,129,509	2,545,997	973,598	2,434,705
Total	\$ 56,973,482	\$ 13,226,140	\$ 3,077,524	\$ 8,085,182

The details of each plan are as follows:

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement Plan (STRP) administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). STRP is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2019, annual actuarial valuation report, Defined Benefit Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at:

<http://www.calstrs.com/member-publications>.

Benefits Provided

The STRP provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' final compensation, age and years of service credit. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 60. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 62. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0% of final compensation for each year of credited service.

The STRP is comprised of four programs: Defined Benefit Program, Defined Benefit Supplement Program, Cash Balance Benefit Program and Replacement Benefits Program. The STRP holds assets for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to members and beneficiaries of these programs. CalSTRS also uses plan assets to defray reasonable expenses of administering the STRP. Although CalSTRS is the administrator of the STRP, the state is the sponsor of the STRP and obligor of the trust. In addition, the state is both an employer and nonemployer contributing entity to the STRP.

The District makes contributions for certificated staff exclusively to the STRP Defined Benefit Program, thus disclosures are not included for the other plans.

The STRP provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2021, are summarized as follows:

	<u>STRP Defined Benefit Program</u>	
	On or before December 31, 2012	On or after January 1, 2013
Hire date	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2% at 60	2% at 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement age	60	62
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	2.0% - 2.4%	2.0% - 2.4%
Required employee contribution rate	10.25%	10.205%
Required employer contribution rate	16.15%	16.15%
Required state contribution rate	10.328%	10.328%

Contributions

Required member, District and State of California contributions rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. The contributions rates are expressed as a level percentage of payroll using the entry age normal actuarial method. In accordance with AB 1469, employer contributions into the CalSTRS will be increasing to a total of 19.1% of applicable member earnings phased over a seven year period. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2021, are presented above and the District's total contributions were \$3,917,536.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

Total net pension liability, including State share	
Proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 42,843,973
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	<u>22,086,073</u>
Total	<u><u>\$ 64,930,046</u></u>

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts and the State, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively was 0.0442% and 0.0449%, resulting in a net decrease in the proportionate share of 0.0007%.

Los Gatos-Saratoga Joint Union High School District

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$5,650,477. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$3,094,042 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 3,917,536	\$ -
Change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions	1,491,387	895,652
Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	1,017,726	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability	75,600	1,208,274
Changes of assumptions	4,177,894	-
Total	\$ 10,680,143	\$ 2,103,926

The deferred outflow of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

The deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments are amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2022	\$ (621,010)
2023	346,758
2024	691,821
2025	600,157
Total	\$ 1,017,726

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions, differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability, and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period.

The EARSL for the measurement period is seven years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2022	\$ 992,316
2023	1,329,839
2024	1,405,881
2025	35,268
2026	(19,530)
Thereafter	(102,819)
Total	<u>\$ 3,640,955</u>

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for STRP was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2020. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2019
Measurement date	June 30, 2020
Experience study	July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	7.10%
Investment rate of return	7.10%
Consumer price inflation	2.75%
Wage growth	3.50%

CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. The projection scale was set equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2019) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant (Pension Consulting Alliance-PCA) as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in January 2020 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each future valuation, CalSTRS consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions.

Best estimates of 20-year geometrically-linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class for the year ended June 30, 2020, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Public equity	42%	4.8%
Real estate	15%	1.3%
Private equity	13%	3.6%
Fixed income	12%	6.3%
Risk mitigating strategies	10%	1.8%
Inflation sensitive	6%	3.3%
Cash/liquidity	2%	-0.4%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.10%) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments and administrative expense occurred midyear. Based on these assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability
1% decrease (6.10%)	\$ 64,731,275
Current discount rate (7.10%)	42,843,973
1% increase (8.10%)	24,772,923

California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

Qualified employees are eligible to participate in the School Employer Pool (SEP) under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan(s) regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2019 annual actuarial valuation report, Schools Pool Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalPERS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalPERS website under Forms and Publications at:

<https://www.calpers.ca.gov/page/forms-publications>.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of service credit, a benefit factor and the member's final compensation. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after five years of service. The Basic Death Benefit is paid to any member's beneficiary if the member dies while actively employed. An employee's eligible survivor may receive the 1957 Survivor Benefit if the member dies while actively employed, is at least age 50 (or 52 for members hired on or after January 1, 2013), and has at least five years of credited service. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The CalPERS provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2021, are summarized as follows:

	School Employer Pool (CalPERS)	
	On or before December 31, 2012	On or after January 1, 2013
Hire date		
Benefit formula	2% at 55	2% at 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement age	55	62
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	1.1% - 2.5%	1.0% - 2.5%
Required employee contribution rate	7.00%	7.00%
Required employer contribution rate	20.70%	20.70%

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Total plan contributions are calculated through the CalPERS annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The contributions rates are expressed as percentage of annual payroll. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2021, are presented above and the total District contributions were \$1,329,018.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2021, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the CalPERS net pension liability totaling \$14,129,509. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively was 0.0460% and 0.0486%, resulting in a net decrease in the proportionate share of 0.0026%.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,434,705. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 1,329,018	\$ -
Change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions	170,254	973,598
Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	294,131	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability	700,781	-
Changes of assumptions	51,813	-
	<u>2,545,997</u>	<u>973,598</u>
Total	<u>\$ 2,545,997</u>	<u>\$ 973,598</u>

The deferred outflow of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year Ended June 30,</u>	<u>Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources</u>
2022	\$ (110,071)
2023	98,178
2024	170,651
2025	135,373
	<u>294,131</u>
Total	<u>\$ 294,131</u>

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions, differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability, and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is 4.1 years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2022	\$ 128,922
2023	27,861
2024	(186,501)
2025	(21,032)
Total	<u>\$ (50,750)</u>

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for the SEP was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2020. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2019
Measurement date	June 30, 2020
Experience study	July 1, 1997 through June 30, 2015
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	7.15%
Investment rate of return	7.15%
Consumer price inflation	2.50%
Wage growth	Varies by entry age and service

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries. 90% of scale MP-2016.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first ten years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global equity	50%	5.98%
Fixed income	28%	2.62%
Inflation assets	0%	1.81%
Private equity	8%	7.23%
Real assets	13%	4.93%
Liquidity	1%	-0.92%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Based on these assumptions, the School Employer Pool fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability
1% decrease (6.15%)	\$ 20,313,746
Current discount rate (7.15%)	14,129,509
1% increase (8.15%)	8,996,903

On Behalf Payments

The State of California makes contributions to CalSTRS on behalf of the District. These payments consist of State General Fund contributions to CalSTRS in the amount of \$3,094,042 (10.328% of annual payroll). Contributions are no longer appropriated in the annual Budget Act for the legislatively mandated benefits to CalPERS. Therefore, there is no on behalf contribution rate for CalPERS. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these amounts are to be reported as revenues and expenditures. Accordingly, these amounts have been recorded in these financial statements. On behalf payments have been included in the calculation of available reserves.

Social Security

As established by Federal law, all public sector employees who are not members of their employer's existing retirement system (CalSTRS or CalPERS) must be covered by Social Security or an alternative plan. The District has elected to use Social Security.

Note 13 - Commitments and Contingencies**Grants**

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2021.

Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2021.

Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2021, the District had approximately \$2.03 million commitments with respect to the unfinished capital projects.

Note 14 - Participation in Public Entity Risk Pools and Joint Power Authorities

The District is a member of the South Bay Area Schools' Insurance Authority and the Santa Clara County Schools' Insurance Group. The District pays an annual premium to the applicable risk pool for its health, workers' compensation, and property liability coverage. The relationships between the District and the pools are such that they are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

Los Gatos-Saratoga Joint Union High School District

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

These entities have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements; however, fund transactions between the entities and the District are included in these statements. Audited financial statements are available from the respective entities.

During the year ended June 30, 2021, the District made the following payments:

South Bay Area Schools' Insurance Authority	\$ 384,052
Santa Clara County Schools' Insurance Group	<u>447,704</u>
Total	<u><u>\$ 831,756</u></u>

Note 15 - Restatement of Prior Year Net Position and Fund Balance

As of June 30, 2021, the Los Gatos-Saratoga Joint Union High School District adopted GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities* (GASB 84). As a result of the implementation of GASB 84, the District has reclassified its associated student body activity previously reported as fiduciary funds to a governmental fund – Student Activity Fund. The following table describes the effects of the implementation on beginning fund balance/net position.

	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Beginning Fund Balance previously reported at June 30, 2020	\$ 5,778,102	\$ 44,127,426
Reclassification of student activity funds from agency funds to a special revenue fund	<u>1,216,599</u>	<u>1,216,599</u>
Fund Balance - Beginning as Restated June 30, 2020	<u><u>\$ 6,994,701</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 45,344,025</u></u>
Governmental Activities		
Beginning Net Position Governmental Activities previously reported at June 30, 2020		\$ 11,635,691
Reclassification of student activity funds from agency funds to a special revenue fund		<u>1,216,599</u>
Fund Balance - Beginning as Restated June 30, 2020		<u><u>\$ 12,852,290</u></u>



Required Supplementary Information
June 30, 2021

Los Gatos-Saratoga Joint Union High School District

Los Gatos-Saratoga Joint Union High School District
General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule
Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variances - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		Final to Actual
Revenues				
Local Control Funding Formula	\$ 53,144,186	\$ 53,111,750	\$ 55,596,978	\$ 2,485,228
Federal sources	681,621	1,872,686	1,785,127	(87,559)
Other State sources	3,170,082	6,870,178	5,701,634	(1,168,544)
Other local sources	4,571,019	4,965,531	4,535,742	(429,789)
Total revenues ¹	<u>61,566,908</u>	<u>66,820,145</u>	<u>67,619,481</u>	<u>799,336</u>
Expenditures				
Current				
Certificated salaries	23,996,223	26,074,005	24,605,358	1,468,647
Classified salaries	7,641,671	7,975,412	7,641,621	333,791
Employee benefits	15,404,598	15,884,265	15,567,941	316,324
Books and supplies	2,123,015	4,019,368	1,546,382	2,472,986
Services and operating expenditures	8,407,508	8,775,728	8,441,194	334,534
Other outgo	175,456	118,362	115,937	2,425
Capital outlay	-	31,791	64,888	(33,097)
Debt service				
Debt service - principal	-	48,097	51,748	(3,651)
Debt service - interest and other	-	8,997	6,837	2,160
Total expenditures ¹	<u>57,748,471</u>	<u>62,936,025</u>	<u>58,041,906</u>	<u>4,894,119</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>3,818,437</u>	<u>3,884,120</u>	<u>9,577,575</u>	<u>5,693,455</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Other sources	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	(2,440,307)	(2,829,157)	(4,584,753)	(1,755,596)
Net financing sources (uses)	<u>(2,440,307)</u>	<u>(2,829,157)</u>	<u>(4,584,753)</u>	<u>(1,755,596)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,378,130	1,054,963	4,992,822	3,937,859
Fund Balance - Beginning	<u>5,180,276</u>	<u>5,180,276</u>	<u>5,180,276</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund Balance - Ending	<u>\$ 6,558,406</u>	<u>\$ 6,235,239</u>	<u>\$ 10,173,098</u>	<u>\$ 3,937,859</u>

¹ Due to the consolidation of Fund 17, Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects for reporting purposes into the General Fund, additional revenues and expenditures pertaining to these other funds are included in the Actual (GAAP Basis) revenues and expenditures, however, are not included in the original and final General Fund budgets.

Los Gatos-Saratoga Joint Union High School District
Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Total OPEB Liability				
Service cost	\$ 524,339	\$ 544,039	\$ 505,736	\$ 492,200
Interest	159,466	194,836	170,352	163,912
Difference between expected and actual experience	-	755,456	-	-
Changes of assumptions	24,582	332,269	119,977	-
Benefit payments	<u>(156,965)</u>	<u>(113,154)</u>	<u>(118,196)</u>	<u>(113,650)</u>
Net change in total OPEB liability	551,422	1,713,446	677,869	542,462
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	<u>7,064,753</u>	<u>5,351,307</u>	<u>4,673,438</u>	<u>4,130,976</u>
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	<u>\$ 7,616,175</u>	<u>\$ 7,064,753</u>	<u>\$ 5,351,307</u>	<u>\$ 4,673,438</u>
Covered-employee Payroll	<u>\$ 32,551,509</u>	<u>\$32,365,617</u>	<u>\$32,713,367</u>	<u>\$31,113,964</u>
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-employee Payroll	<u>23.40%</u>	<u>21.83%</u>	<u>16.36%</u>	<u>15.02%</u>
Measurement Date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018

¹ The OPEB Plan is not administered through a trust and contributions are not made based on a measure of payroll. Therefore, no measure of payroll is presented.

Note: In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Los Gatos-Saratoga Joint Union High School District
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability – MPP Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year ended June 30,	2021	2020	2019	2018
Proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.0770%	0.0794%	0.0000%	0.0000%
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 326,463	\$ 295,630	\$ -	\$ -
Covered-employee payroll	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of it's covered- employee payroll	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	-0.71%	-0.81%	-0.40%	0.01%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017

¹As of June 30, 2012, active members are no longer eligible for future enrollment in the MPP Program; therefore, the covered payroll disclosure is not applicable.

Note : In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Los Gatos-Saratoga Joint Union High School District
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
CalSTRS							
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.0442%	0.0449%	0.0432%	0.0427%	0.0419%	0.0434%	0.0440%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 42,843,973	\$ 40,529,826	\$ 39,723,824	\$ 39,473,161	\$ 33,909,258	\$ 29,219,390	\$ 25,705,965
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	22,086,073	22,111,726	22,743,747	23,351,989	19,303,936	15,453,836	15,522,372
Total	<u>\$ 64,930,046</u>	<u>\$ 62,641,552</u>	<u>\$ 62,467,571</u>	<u>\$ 62,825,150</u>	<u>\$ 53,213,194</u>	<u>\$ 44,673,226</u>	<u>\$ 41,228,337</u>
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 24,222,012</u>	<u>\$ 24,364,853</u>	<u>\$ 23,224,844</u>	<u>\$ 22,476,820</u>	<u>\$ 21,398,807</u>	<u>\$ 20,681,441</u>	<u>19,338,506</u>
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	<u>176.88%</u>	<u>166.35%</u>	<u>171.04%</u>	<u>175.62%</u>	<u>158.46%</u>	<u>141.28%</u>	<u>133%</u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	<u>71.82%</u>	<u>72.56%</u>	<u>70.99%</u>	<u>69.46%</u>	<u>70.04%</u>	<u>74.02%</u>	<u>76.52%</u>
Measurement Date	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
CalPERS							
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.0460%	0.0486%	0.0471%	0.0505%	0.0530%	0.0562%	0.0570%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 14,129,509	\$ 14,155,168	\$ 12,547,875	\$ 12,066,953	\$ 10,460,780	\$ 8,282,421	\$ 6,473,959
Covered-employee payroll	<u>\$ 6,625,288</u>	<u>\$ 6,727,295</u>	<u>\$ 6,206,097</u>	<u>\$ 6,411,542</u>	<u>\$ 6,382,991</u>	<u>\$ 6,221,179</u>	<u>5,935,341</u>
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	<u>213.27%</u>	<u>210.41%</u>	<u>202.19%</u>	<u>188.21%</u>	<u>163.89%</u>	<u>133.13%</u>	<u>109%</u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	<u>70.00%</u>	<u>70.00%</u>	<u>71.00%</u>	<u>72.00%</u>	<u>73.90%</u>	<u>79.43%</u>	<u>83.38%</u>
Measurement Date	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014

Note : In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Los Gatos-Saratoga Joint Union High School District
Schedule of the District Contributions for Pension
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
CalSTRS							
Contractually required contribution	\$ 3,917,536	\$ 4,141,964	\$ 3,966,598	\$ 3,351,345	\$ 2,827,584	\$ 2,296,092	\$ 1,836,512
Less contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	3,917,536	4,141,964	3,966,598	3,351,345	2,827,584	2,296,092	1,836,512
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>						
Covered-employee payroll	<u>\$ 24,257,189</u>	<u>\$ 24,222,012</u>	<u>\$ 24,364,853</u>	<u>\$ 23,224,844</u>	<u>\$ 22,476,820</u>	<u>\$ 21,398,807</u>	<u>\$ 20,681,441</u>
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	<u>16.15%</u>	<u>17.10%</u>	<u>16.28%</u>	<u>14.43%</u>	<u>12.58%</u>	<u>10.73%</u>	<u>8.88%</u>
CalPERS							
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,329,018	\$ 1,306,573	\$ 1,215,084	\$ 963,869	\$ 890,435	\$ 756,193	\$ 732,295
Less contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,329,018	1,306,573	1,215,084	963,869	890,435	756,193	732,295
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>						
Covered-employee payroll	<u>\$ 6,420,377</u>	<u>\$ 6,625,288</u>	<u>\$ 6,727,295</u>	<u>\$ 6,206,097</u>	<u>\$ 6,411,542</u>	<u>\$ 6,382,991</u>	<u>\$ 6,221,179</u>
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	<u>20.7000%</u>	<u>19.721%</u>	<u>18.0620%</u>	<u>15.5310%</u>	<u>13.8880%</u>	<u>11.8470%</u>	<u>11.7710%</u>

Note : In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Note 1 - Purpose of Schedules

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

The District employs budget control by object codes and by individual appropriation accounts. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and provisions of the California *Education Code*. The governing board is required to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for.

These schedules present information for the original and final budgets and actual results of operations, as well as the variances from the final budget to actual results of operations.

Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

This schedule presents information on the District's changes in the total OPEB liability, including beginning and ending balances. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- *Change in Benefit Terms* – There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations.
- *Change of Assumptions* – The investment rate of return assumption was changed from 2.20% to 2.16% since the previous valuation.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - MPP Program

This schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB Liability – MPP Program and the plans' fiduciary net position. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- *Changes in Benefit Terms* – There were no changes in the benefit terms since the previous valuation.
- *Changes of Assumptions* – The plan rate of investment return assumption was changed from 3.50% to 2.21% since the previous valuation.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL), the plans' fiduciary net position and, when applicable, the State's proportionate share of the NPL associated with the District. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- *Changes in Benefit Terms* – There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for both CalSTRS and CalPERS.
- *Changes of Assumptions* – There were no changes in economic assumptions for either the CalSTRS or CalPERS plans from the previous valuations.

Schedule of District Contributions for Pension

This schedule presents information on the District's required contribution, the amounts actually contributed, and any excess or deficiency related to the required contribution. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.



Supplementary Information
June 30, 2021

Los Gatos-Saratoga Joint Union High School District

Los Gatos-Saratoga Joint Union High School District
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
June 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Financial Assistance Listing/Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed Through California Department of Education (CDE)			
Special Education Cluster			
Special Education Grants to States - Basic Local Assistance	84.027	13379	\$ 600,435
Special Education Grants to States - Mental Health	84.027	14468	40,139
Total Special Education Cluster			<u>640,574</u>
COVID-19 Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER)			
Fund: Learning Loss Mitigation	84.425C	15517	171,124
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants - Teacher Quality	84.367	14341	16,092
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	14894	31,372
Rehabilitation Services Vocational Rehabilitation Grants to States - Workability II	84.126	10006	<u>52,110</u>
Total U.S. Department of Education			<u>911,272</u>
U.S. Department of Treasury			
Passed Through California Department of Education			
COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund: Learning Loss Mitigation	21.019	25516	<u>873,855</u>
Total U.S. Department of Treasury			<u>873,855</u>
Total Federal Financial Assistance			<u>\$ 1,785,127</u>

Organization

The Los Gatos-Saratoga Joint Union High School District (the District) was organized under the laws of the State of California. The District operates under a locally-elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services to grades nine through twelve as mandated by the State of California. The District operates two high school and one alternative education program. There were no boundary changes during the year.

Governing Board

Member	Office	Term Expires
Katherine Tseng	President	2024
Peter L. Hertan	Vice President	2022
Cynthia Chang	Clerk	2022
David Guidry	Trustee	2022

Administration

Name	Title
Michael Grove, Ed.D.	Superintendent/ Board Secretary
Delores Perley	Chief Business Officer

Los Gatos-Saratoga Joint Union High School District
 Schedule of Instructional Time
 Year Ended June 30, 2021

Grade Level	Number of Actual Days		Number of Days Credited Form J13A	Total Days Offered	Status
	Traditional Calendar	Multitrack Calendar			
Grades 9 - 12					
Grade 9	180	N/A	-	180	Complied
Grade 10	180	N/A	-	180	Complied
Grade 11	180	N/A	-	180	Complied
Grade 12	180	N/A	-	180	Complied

Los Gatos-Saratoga Joint Union High School District
 Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements
 Year Ended June 30, 2021

Summarized below are the fund balance reconciliations between the Unaudited Actual Financial Report and the audited financial statements.

	General Fund	Special Reserve Other Fund
Fund Balance		
Balance, June 30, 2021, Unaudited Actuals	\$ 6,876,485	\$ 3,296,613
Special Reserves Other Fund is consolidated into the General Fund	3,296,613	(3,296,613)
Balance, June 30, 2021, Audited Financial Statements	\$ 10,173,098	\$ -

Los Gatos-Saratoga Joint Union High School District
Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis
Year Ended June 30, 2021

	(Budget) 2022 ¹	2021	2020	2019
General Fund				
Revenues	\$ 63,923,157	\$ 67,706,934	\$ 62,049,313	\$ 62,241,863
Other sources	-	-	25,233	369,850
Total Revenues and Other Sources	<u>63,923,157</u>	<u>67,706,934</u>	<u>62,074,546</u>	<u>62,611,713</u>
Expenditures	60,430,142	58,041,906	58,459,001	60,421,327
Other uses and transfers out	<u>2,490,790</u>	<u>4,584,753</u>	<u>2,456,283</u>	<u>2,431,031</u>
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	<u>62,920,932</u>	<u>62,626,659</u>	<u>60,915,284</u>	<u>62,852,358</u>
Increase/(Decrease) in Fund Balance	<u>1,002,225</u>	<u>5,080,275</u>	<u>1,159,262</u>	<u>(240,645)</u>
Ending Fund Balance	<u>\$ 11,262,776</u>	<u>\$ 10,260,551</u>	<u>\$ 5,180,276</u>	<u>\$ 4,021,014</u>
Available Reserves ²	<u>\$ 6,522,274</u>	<u>\$ 8,967,672</u>	<u>\$ 4,812,108</u>	<u>\$ 3,328,842</u>
Available Reserves as a Percentage of Total Outgo	<u>10.37%</u>	<u>14.32%</u>	<u>7.90%</u>	<u>5.30%</u>
Long-Term Liabilities	<u>\$ 155,499,242</u>	<u>\$ 159,509,507</u>	<u>\$ 160,475,840</u>	<u>\$ 160,453,725</u>
K-12 Average Daily Attendance at P-2	<u>3,235</u>	<u>3,422</u>	<u>3,422</u>	<u>3,386</u>

The General Fund balance has increased by \$6,152,084 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2021-2022 budget projects an increase of \$1,002,225 (9.9%). For a district this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3% of total General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo). The District's reserves exceed this standard.

The District has gained operating surpluses in two of the past three years and anticipates having an operating surplus during the 2021-2022 fiscal year. Total long-term obligations have decreased by approx. \$0.94 million over the past two years.

The average daily attendance is anticipated to decrease by 187 during fiscal year 2021-2022 due the COVID-19 pandemic implications.

¹ Budget 2022 is included for analytical purposes only and has not been subjected to audit.

² Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balances including all amounts reserved for economic uncertainties contained with the General Fund and the Special Reserve Fund for Other than Capital Outlay.

Los Gatos-Saratoga Joint Union High School District
Combining Balance Sheet - Non-Major Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Student Activity Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Deferred Maintenance Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits	Capital Facilities Fund	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
Assets							
Deposits and investments	\$ 1,143,181	\$ 11,037	\$ 203,152	\$ 1,119,502	\$ 353,664	\$ 4,449,859	\$ 7,280,395
Receivables	-	48,665	365	2,009	109,904	3,974	164,917
Due from other funds	-	13,243	200,000	-	-	-	213,243
Stores inventories	-	8,291	-	-	-	-	8,291
Other current assets	4,942	-	-	-	-	-	4,942
Total assets	\$ 1,148,123	\$ 81,236	\$ 403,517	\$ 1,121,511	\$ 463,568	\$ 4,453,833	\$ 7,671,788
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 634	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 634
Due to other funds	-	3,932	-	-	-	-	3,932
Unearned revenue	-	68,379	-	-	-	-	68,379
Total liabilities	-	72,945	-	-	-	-	72,945
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable	-	8,291	-	-	-	-	8,291
Restricted	1,148,123	-	-	-	463,568	4,453,833	6,065,524
Committed	-	-	403,517	1,121,511	-	-	1,525,028
Total fund balances	1,148,123	8,291	403,517	1,121,511	463,568	4,453,833	7,598,843
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,148,123	\$ 81,236	\$ 403,517	\$ 1,121,511	\$ 463,568	\$ 4,453,833	\$ 7,671,788

Los Gatos-Saratoga Joint Union High School District
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Non-Major Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Student Activity Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Deferred Maintenance Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits	Capital Facilities Fund	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
Revenues							
Other State sources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,497	\$ 15,497
Other local sources	298,519	40,853	2,057	11,331	500,115	5,928,472	6,781,347
Total revenues	<u>298,519</u>	<u>40,853</u>	<u>2,057</u>	<u>11,331</u>	<u>500,115</u>	<u>5,943,969</u>	<u>6,796,844</u>
Expenditures							
Current							
Pupil services							
Food services	-	504,822	-	-	-	-	504,822
Plant services	-	-	-	-	37,497	-	37,497
Ancillary services	126,615	-	-	-	-	-	126,615
Community services	240,380	-	-	-	-	-	240,380
Debt service							
Principal	-	-	-	-	308,333	2,345,000	2,653,333
Interest and other	-	-	-	-	22,584	3,271,440	3,294,024
Total expenditures	<u>366,995</u>	<u>504,822</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>368,414</u>	<u>5,616,440</u>	<u>6,856,671</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(68,476)	(463,969)	2,057	11,331	131,701	327,529	(59,827)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in	-	463,969	200,000	-	-	-	663,969
Net Change in Fund Balances	(68,476)	-	202,057	11,331	131,701	327,529	604,142
Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated	1,216,599	8,291	201,460	1,110,180	331,867	4,126,304	6,994,701
Fund Balance - Ending	<u>\$ 1,148,123</u>	<u>\$ 8,291</u>	<u>\$ 403,517</u>	<u>\$ 1,121,511</u>	<u>\$ 463,568</u>	<u>\$ 4,453,833</u>	<u>\$ 7,598,843</u>

See Notes to Supplementary Information

Note 1 - Purpose of Schedule**Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA)****Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Los Gatos-Saratoga Joint Union High School District (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets or fund balance of the District.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. When applicable, such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Indirect Cost Rate

The District has not elected to use the ten percent de minimis cost rate.

Local Education Agency Organization Structure

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.

Schedule of Instructional Time

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of *Education Code* Sections 46200 through 46206.

Districts must maintain their instructional minutes at the 1986-1987 requirement, as required by *Education Code* Section 46201.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Unaudited Actual Financial Report, to the audited financial statements.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Non-Major Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

The Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet and Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances is included to provide information regarding the individual funds that have been included in the Non-Major Governmental Funds column on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Eide Bailly LLP".

Menlo Park, California
January 31, 2022

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District's complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Menlo Park, California
January 31, 2022



Independent Auditor's Report on State Compliance

Governing Board
Los Gatos-Saratoga Joint Union High School District
Los Gatos, California

Report on State Compliance

We have audited Los Gatos-Saratoga Joint Union High School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *2020-2021 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, applicable to the state laws and regulations listed in the table below for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the state laws and regulations as identified in the table below.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance with state laws and regulations based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to below. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of the *2020-2021 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements listed below has occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on state compliance. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Compliance Requirements Tested

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the District’s compliance with laws and regulations applicable to the following items

	Procedures Performed
LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCIES OTHER THAN CHARTER SCHOOLS	
Attendance and Distance Learning	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	No, see below
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratios of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	No, see below
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	No, see below
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	No, see below
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	No, see below
SCHOOL DISTRICTS, COUNTY OFFICES OF EDUCATION, AND CHARTER SCHOOLS	
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Yes
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Independent Study - Course Based	No, see below
CHARTER SCHOOLS	
Attendance	No, see below
Mode of Instruction	No, see below
Non-Classroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study for Charter Schools	No, see below
Determination of Funding for Non-Classroom-Based Instruction	No, see below
Charter School Facility Grant Program	No, see below

Kindergarten Continuance

The District does not offer kindergarten instruction; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to Kindergarten Continuance.

Early Retirement Incentive

The District did not offer an Early Retirement Incentive Program during the current year; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to the Early Retirement Incentive Program.

K-3 Grade Span Adjustment

The District has only grades 9 - 12; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to K-3 Grade Span Adjustment.

Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction

We did not perform Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction procedures because the program is not offered by the District.

District of Choice

We did not perform District of Choice procedures because the program is not offered by the District.

Independent Study - Course Based

The District does not offer an Independent Study - Course Based program; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to the Independent Study - Course Based Program.

Charter Schools

The District does not operate any Charter Schools; therefore, we did not perform procedures for Charter School Programs.

Unmodified Opinion

In our opinion, Los Gatos-Saratoga Joint Union High School District complied, in all material respects, with the laws and regulations of the state programs referred to above for the year ended June 30, 2021.

The purpose of this report on state compliance is solely to describe the results of our testing based on the requirements of the *2020-2021 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Eide Sully LLP". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Menlo Park, California
January 31, 2022



Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
June 30, 2021

Los Gatos-Saratoga Joint Union High School District

Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting	
Material weaknesses identified	No
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses	None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major program	
Material weaknesses identified	No
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses	None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a)	No

Identification of major programs

Name of Federal Program or Cluster	Federal Financial Assistance Listing/ Federal CFDA Number
COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund: Learning Loss Mitigation	21.019
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes

State Compliance

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for programs	Unmodified
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None reported.

None reported.

None reported.

None reported.